The Evening Times

WASHINGTON, TUESDAY, MARCH 29, 1898.

ONE CENT.



CAPTAIN SIGSBEE IS HERE

Reports at the Department That He Is Ready for Duty.

CROWDS CONGRATULATE HIM

With Three Brother Officers He Enters Washington in an Unexpected Way-Says He Knows the Main-Was Destroyed by an External Agency-To Be Given a Command.

commander of the Maine, and the man whose name is on the lips of every potriotic American, arrived in the city last

M. Ray, of the Maine, Surgeon Henneberger and Lieutenant Holden. The party traveled over the Southern Rallroad, and the news that the train bearing it would arrive at the deper at 8:25 o'clock cause a large crowd to assemble in anticipation of steins it an enthusiastic welcome

Captain Sizobee expressed a dealer that he might avoid the crowd. The train was accordingly stopped at the corner of there the party left its couch.



Captain Sigsbee reported at the Navy Department this morning "ready for do and so did Paymaster Ray. The latter wrote the words, "to settle accounts," be side his signature, thus telling the object of his visit to this city.

Captain Sigsbee is brown with the Southern sun, alert and full of confi-

Capt. Sigabee would say very little the findings of the Court of Inquiry, and of the matters that it left unsaid

"I suspected, of course, what the find-ings of the court would be, but I did not knew positively until I saw it in the pupers this morning. I may say now that I did not see how it could be anything clse. I am very glad to be so fully ex-

was a different atmosphere from this. The American colony clung closer logether than ever after the disaster and there could not have been a finer feeling of sympathy for us of the Maine. When we left there was the heartiest helt we let the semi-office of the send-offs. The newspaper men were pricularly cuthusiastic. It is a great orps of men clever, and vigorous and

the Navy Department knew very well that he meant it and a little more. He is auxious for duty. It has not yet been decided what will be given him and the comment among naval afficers now is that there is nothing available that

During the last week the best places in the Navy have been given to threether good officers.

any one of these officers Captain Signle

Auerbach's Pearl Hats and Gloves. 623

Specialty-Delicious coffee at La Fe-

Prices That Tell Their Own Stery. Frank Libbey & Co., 6th and N. Y. Ave. tions.

AWAKE TO GLORIOUS WAR

Senator Mason Urges This Nation to Wreak Vengeauce.

SHAKE OFF THE NARCOTIC

He Will Not Consider the Proposition of Indemnity-Neither Will He Brook Delay-lie Declares That the Destruction of the Maine Was Due to Spanish Treachery.

William E. Mason of Illinois, delivered ringing speech in the Senate this af-He declared that the Administration has already deliberated too long on the Cuban question. He said: Mr. President: I do not intend, in the brief statement I make today, to forestall the report of the Committee on Foreign Relations, to which has been referred the President's message and the ecompanying report and evidence. We are invited by the President, at the close f his message, to deliberately consider simmittee, my colleagues and my conituents that they shoul! know, and as and intention of the members of this edy. I wish to be understood. I am not weary of deliberative tactics, apolo gizing for taking the floor at this time, but I intend no disrespect either to the Administration or the committee when I say that I am tired of the deliberate actics that have been employed for three years to prevent any assistance from the United States to the starving nd struggling Cubans. More than two years ago the plan of

Spanish government to starve the

was begun.

Brery intelligent man, woman and child was informed of it through the or-linary channels of information, the newspapers and by the statements of disdistributed witnesses day after day, week fter week, month after month, and ear after year, at our very door, and early practically no attention from the Covernment, until some of the meants of this body visited the scene of a and distress, and brought back to heir words of honor that no picture been drwan by the press that fully if the herrors of the sliuntion. Then scattlemen and newspapers, who pretended, at least, to discredit these oments in this body, began to talk at it as though it was a new discovine or for two years they had continued nurder women and children, hen nearly a year ago I called attents the situation, as given at that and since corroborated by four of collegance, upon this floor, from

colleagues, upon this floor, from nal alservation, the statement was with sneers by many of my col-and I had the pleasure of being over the wire by stock brokers nd scalpers in the markets.

The Plan of Starvation.

For two years the process of Impris tarvation has proceeded, yet any one the dared to call attention to the fact as find to withstand the assaults controlling the press, who denied

ey printed in their news columns. Thousands had been starved, millions of diars of our legislmate commerce has our swept from the high seas, and the

Imprisonment of Americans.

When the order of concentration can hey cooped up at least eight hundred American citizens with the concentradors and refused to allow them to go out and arn a legitimate and honest living. It amounted to imprisonment, we claimed at the time, yet many professed not to believe it until the honorable senator from Vermont described the dead line and the gun of the Spanish soldier that kept the concentrados together. Any other self-respecting nation in the world would have ordered their release and better treatment, or they would have opened the gates of hell on Moro Castle.

This Government, however, upon the tion of the President, took \$50,000 of the people's money out of the treas-ury of the United States and begged persion of Spain the poor privilege ceding our citizens American bread on

Mckinley Accused of Cownrdice.

I am not complaining, I am not critising, there is no other such record in all the history of the world; I only repent this humiliating statement to call at ention to the fact that every effort that has been made by the President has been construed by Spain to be an act of cow-edice and absolute and conclusive evi-ence that we are afraid of that mighty ower, and every such act of careful con-

The buttleship Maine, our gallant ship, went down, and 26 of our gallant citizen nilors with her. At the time, every citizen of the United States familiar with the Spanish character felt confident it was Spanish treachery. Our ship was itality, and also by treaty contract; sh ad an absolute right to be there. ed, and she rode the harbor n day closed, and she rode the harbor a messenger of pence. No message had been sent by our Executive inconsistent with the national honor of Spain. Our only offer was to try to restore peace alike honorable to all. Our Treasury had been offered to feed our people. Definite plans were not even suggested by the President, feuring to injure our relations with Spain. uer her own Spain could not conquer her own insur-gents. Had we been a grasping nation we could any time within two years have de aggressive and forcible annexation. taking advantage of the crimes of Spain

Assassinated at Night.

The night came on-a dark, a gloomy night-a natural and proper time for Spanish bravery. The remarkable part of Spanish history has been made in the night. Our men were asleep in a friendly hould have one of three ships, the brooklyn, the lowa, or the flag ship New try their courage. They were not whipped in honorable battle, but choked, burned, strangled and drowned without a chunce to die fighting for life, without a chunce to die fighting for life, without a

> Flynn's Business College, 8th and b None better. \$15 a year; day or night.

moment to say a prayer; in the twinkle

Flooring, 64nch wide, \$1.25 for 100 ft.; dressed (2) sides. Good for Parti-

of an eye they stood in the presence of their Maker. Suppose ninety of them had been United States Senators, suppose the balance had been members of Congress, and the balance made up of judges and leading professional and business men. Would forty days elapsed before the war began? Do we tell our children the truth when we say the life of every American citizen is of equal value before the law? They were not senators, they were sailors.

Appeal of the Dead.

Their widows and orphans cry aloud to us; the silent appeal of 288 seamen come to us again and again, saying, we ar flesh of your flesh, hone of your bone and blood of your blood; we loved and died for the flag that shields you. What is to be our answer, Mr. President? I speak only for myself, and I am for war.

Spain Is Guilty. But there are these who say that the court does not fix the responsibility. It was not necessary; the "peace at any price" man cannot escape so. The law fixes the responsibility. We were in Spanish waters and over Spanish soil, The harbor is owned, controlled and pa The harber is ewned, controlled and patrolled by Spain. The explosives in that harber were owned and controlled by Spain. If it was a torpede, it was a Spanish torpede. If it was a mine, it was a Sparish mine. No explosives have been on saile in Havana for over a year to private citizens. If it was gin-cotton, it was Spanish gun-cutton, and if it was gin-cotton, it was Spanish gun-cutton, and if it was dynamic, it was Spanish dyna-mite. The power to explode it was controlled by Spain. A government acti-only through its agents and officers, it was owned located and exploded by Spain, and Spain must answer.

Will Oppose Indemnity.

I have not made this statement with out due deliberation. We have had more than forty days to deliberate. If it had been the boat of any true business man its owner would have had a report within ten days. I am not complaining. in ten days. I am not companing. I cannot hope to escape criticism, but I shall not criticise. If ever there was a time when we should be open, frank and considerate of each other, the time is now. I claim no monopoly on patriotism; I bring here no pretense of infallible judgment. This is the only warmaking body. I am only one of many, and it is fair to you and my constituents that I make my views known now. I shall oppose any proposition booking I shall oppose any proposition looking to indemnity. We must provide for the widows and orphans of our seamen, and their hands should never be solied with Spanish coin. As I refuse to make a cash settlement for the lives of our nex, I shall, with all the strength God gives me, bitterly and to the end oppose m lng a more diplomatic incident out the murder of 28 of our men.

Some tell us we must wait for the Span the Spanish elections Sagasta will give all concessions. Are we to be fooled twice with the same trick? Is De Lome so soon forgotten? Some fell us we are not prepared. When shall we be better pre pared? Will it be when the Spanish for pedo flotilla has crossed the water and rests complacently on her base of sup-plies, within five or six hours' distance of plies, within hive of six hours unitarity our fleet? We know now officially what we have believed for forty days. Shall we wait until the can destroy more of our ships and men? God forbid that such a crime should be charged to us. Let us wake. Shake off the Chinee parceti awake. Shake off the Chinese narcone, that locks us in drowsy indidence, mur-muring "Peace at any price." Awake, as our father's did at Concord and Bunker 1911. Awake to glorious war against a nation that burns homes and murder (women and children; awake to gloric war that seeks so gain for us in treasury or territory, but a war to drive the op-pressor from the continent, to set the Cuban flag in the sky forever, and a war that will help us for generations to come, by giving notice that the honor of our fing and the lives of our citizens must be respected among the nations of the world

LEE IS IN DANGER. He Informs the State Department of

This Fact. Havana's quiet is in danger of being disturbed by another outbreak such as occurred in the Cuban city just before the buttleship Maine dropped anchor it its harbor. Consul General Lee cabled to the State Department yesterday that the situation was critical. There is danger of further riets growing out of the inuse anti-American feeling among the Weylerites.

the Administration authorities are now quite as much concerned about the situa tien in Havana as they are over the fear that Congress will attempt to force the hand of the President. It is now regarded as one of the danger points of the

The Navy Department is keenly on the tleri. The State Department transmit-ed Consul General Lee's message to Sec-ectary Long, and he at once informed Captain W. T. Sampson, commander-inthief of the fleet at Key West, of the haracter of its contents. Captain Samp on is in direct communication with Con-oil General Lee, and at the slightest sign of trouble a message from the consul gen eral to the naval officer will result in the rrival of a man-of-war in Havana har

or within four hours.

There are now in the harbor of Havana he lighthouse tender Mangrove and the past survey steamer Bache, on board of officers of the consulate and Americans in Havana could seek refuge

CUBAN INVASION IN SUMMER. Safeguards Gen. Schofield Say Would Resist Fever Ravages.

St. Augustine, Fla., March 29.-General Schofield, retired, who was succeeded by General Miles as commander of the Uni ted State Army, has decided opinions that an invasion of Cuba is feasible in July or at any time if necessary.

"With the military safeguards and quarantine," he says, "there would be little danger of fever. If it is necessary to invade Cuba in June or July, it can and will be done. An army of 125,000 men could be in motion in forty-eight hours."

A Visitor From Austria. New York, March 29.-The Austrian man-of-war Donau arrived in the harbor

The Handsomest Exhibit of 50e Neckwear in town at Auerbach's. 623 Pa.

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DISORDER IN THE HOUSE

Resolutions in Favor of Intervention Offered.

ANTAGON ZE MR. MCKINLEY

Speaker Reed Repeatedly Peauds With His Gavel and Calls for Order-Several Times Does He Lose Control of the Turbulent Members Discussion of Private Claims.

Gen. Grosvenor latroduced a resolution in the House today authorizing the Public Printer to print for the use of the House 6,000 copies of the President's men sage on the Maine report, the finding and the testimony pertaining thereto.

This is regarded as a direct show of resentment on the part of the House at the action of the President in not sending the testimony to the House. The resolution was agreed to without

The House was so turbulent that the Crar pounded with his gavel for three minutes before he could enforce order. He called for order repeatedly, directed that members take their seats in no gentle terms, and five times declared that the members must cense conversation.

Finally the House subsided in accord-dance with the will of its Speaker. The discussion of private claims, which was put off on Friday, came us. It was the cyldent intention of the Speak-It was the evident infention of the Speak-er to make it continue as long as possi-ide. Amendments to petry bills were moved and discussed, but the temper of the House showed their to such an ex-tent that the Crar rase to his feet and again wen; through the performance of pounding his gavel on the deak in front of him, and calling the members to or-der.

It soon became evident that Mr. Reed ould not prevent consideration of the Cuban question.

Mr. Bell of Colorado introduced the fol-

"Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled. That the separate and political existence and the independence of the Republic of Cubs, now and for some time maintained by force of arms, be and the same is hereby recognized as a separate and ind

That the United States shall immediately intervene and put an end to the war now being waged in the Island of luba, and succor and release from im prisonment the people concentrated for the purpose of starvation and extermina

And for the purpose of carrying int effect the provisions of this act and enabling the President of the United State of \$50,000 is hereby appropriated out of any funds in the United States Treasury not otherwise appropriated."

dr. Ridgely's Resolution.

Congressman Bidgely of Kansas intro ty of the former to subdue

gents; and "Whereas said war has become one of externation by starvation, and the dictates of Christian civilization and ommon humanity alike demand in the island of Ceba; and

reign powers in the affairs of any State er nation in the Western Hemisphere cre-ites an obligation on the part of the faited States to guarantee the people of ny such state or nation against unusual ruelties and barbarities or their exter-

Whereas, the Cubans have, in the opin ion of the American people, by their valor and sacrifices during the four years of the war, won their independence from Spain and are entitled to political recognition by the United States; and

Whereas it is apparent that Spain in no longer govern or control the peo "Resolved, by the House of Represent-atives and Senate of the United States of America, in Congress assembled. That the Republic of Cuba, now and for some time maintained by force of arms, is hereby recognized by the United States of America as a separate and independ-

That the United States shall immediately intervene and put an end to the war now being waged in the island of Cuba, and shall succor and release from impriscomment the people there concentrated for the purpose of starvation and extermina-

"And be it further resolved. That for the purpose of enabling the President of the United States to provide the concentrated Cubans with the necessary food, raiment and medicine for their in relief from starvation, the sum of \$500,000, or so much thereof as may be necessary, is hereby appropriated out of the money in the Treasury not otherwise appropria-

VIA THE STOCK TICKER. The President Again in Conference

With Lenders in Congress. New York, March 29.-The Stock Ticker

Some of the Cabinet members declared this morning that they were inclined to agree with the President in according Spain's proposition, if formally submitted. This proposition from Spain is to grant armistice for eight months, during which time a new form of autonomy shall be put

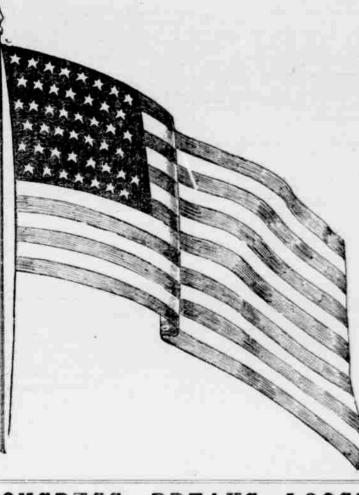
The scheme, which means delay, doe not meet with Congressional approval The bitter feeling among the representamoned many of the leaders to the

WAR FUNDS TO BE ASKED FOR. Gov. Black Will Request an Approprintion Therefor.

Albany, March 29.-Governor Black will send to the legislature a special message asking for an appropriation of \$1,600,000 to be available for use by him in case of war after the adjournment of the legis-

Dunkards En Route to North Dakota Chicago, March 29.—Six train loads of Dunkards from Eastern points passed brough Chicago this morning en route to the new colony in North Dakota.

The Weather-Libbey & Co. say



CONGRESS BREAKS LOOSE

Refuses to Be Longer Held in Thrall.

Resolutions for War With Spain and for the Freedom of Cuba.

Most Exciting Day on Capitol Hill Since the Electoral Commission Sat in 1877.

So intense is the interest in what | shelter, clothe or feed them, thus willful clock this merning nearly every sent slow and terturous process of starvan the public galleries of the Senate was wait more than two hours for the asembling of that body. By II o'cleck the reserve galleries also commenced to front row of the public gallery for the gentler sex applauded wildly, and others oined in the hand-clapping, but the rowar to free Cuba, beat a hasty retreat, and thus put an end to the demonstra

By 11:19 there was not a vacant seal n any of the reserved galleries, and the senators' gallery was nearly full at the

hat if Mason insisted on making too fiery a speech, efforts would be made to shut him off by using up the morning or with routine business. Mason came to the Capitel bent on making things lively. His wife and daughter were eary in the gallery, the daughter being

lecorated with a Cuban flag. At a conference of Populist and Silver Republican senators this morning it was ecided that Mr. Allen of Nebrsaka hould offer in the Senate a resolution ecognizing the independence of Cuba. At 12:14 o'clock, Mr. Allen of Nebrasta introduced his resolution in the Senite recognizing the independence of Cu on, and demanded that the United States should intervene at once.

The resolution recites that Spain has already lost Cuba and that the United States should put an end to the war. The sum of \$500,000 Mr. Allen wants appropriated for the relief of the starving Cubans and makes provisions for it in the resolution.

Mr. Rawlins followed Mr. Allen by introducing a resolution declaring war against Spain, which reads as follows: Whereas, the war waged by the kingom of Spain against the people of Cuba has destroyed commerce between them and the people of the United States, and its revival will be impossible to long as such war may continue; and Whereas, by the authority of that kingdom, in the course of such war much American property has been destroyed and many American citizens, without just cause, have been imprisoned and some assassinated in their prison

Whereas while our ship Maine was at anchor in the harbor of Havana, within the dominion and under the control of the kingdom of Spain, at a place designated by her authority, that ship and most of the men on board in the service of their country, by the explosion of a submarine mine, were willfully, wickedly and treacherously mangled and destroyed;

Whereas the kingdom of Spain has proven herself incompetent to tranquilize the island of Cuba, either by the methods of peace or by means of civilized wer fare; and, accordingly, has proceeded to | Cuba and demanded that pence should be make desolate the homes of its peaceful inhabitants, driving men, women and children into guarded camps, detaining them there without making provision to

Wheelwrights can find everything they need at 6th St. and N. Y. Ave. | foot. Clear and very good.

Congress is likely to do within the next ly causing their extermination to the our or five days that long before 10 number of hundreds of thousands by the ions and

Whereas against these wrongs, against these revolting acts of inhumanity this Government has time and again made peaceful protest to the kingdom of fill up rapidly. Senator Muson, with Spain, at the same time endeavoring by a helpful charity to relieve those whom coat buttoned tightly and wearing a plug hat, entered the chamber a few minutes after it. A fat woman in the seen disregarded, and our efforts of phienthropy having proved unavailing

Whereas firmly convinced that further exceful protest will prove equally in ain and that the recognition of adependence of the republic of Cuba and armed intervention in its behalf by his Government will alone be effective for the redress of past and the prevention of future wrongs; and

Whereas, while regretting the neces sity new imperious for such action, but nindful of our duty to a neighboring people and to humanity, and with a clear onselousness as to the justness of our ause, and that our action will meet with he approving judgment of all civilized peoples; now, therefore,

Be it resolved, by the Senate and Hous f Representatives of the United States of America, in Congress assembled, That the independee of the republic of Cuba e, and the same is hereby, recognized Spain be, and the same is hereby, declared, and the President is hereby au thorized and directed to employ the land and naval forces of the United States of America to wage such war to success Then Mr. Foraker jumped up and of-

fered a resolution recognizing the free-Mr. Foraker said that later he would make a speech. He thought action had present similar resolutions last December. but deferred because the President in his message held out the hope that autonom; in Cuba would succeed and an end put to

Mr. Forsker introduced the following "Be it resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States, That the people of the Island of Cubu are, and of right ought to be, free and in

States hereby recognizes the Republic of Cuba as the true and lawful government of that island. "That the wor Spain is waging agains Cuba is so destructive of the commer

cial and property interests of the United States, and so cruel, barbarous and inhuman in its character as to make it the duty of the United States to de-mand, and the Government of the United States does hereby demand that she at once withdraw her land and no val forces from Cuba and Cuban waters.
"That the President of the United States be and he is hereby authorized. empowered and directed to use, if neces sary, the entire land and naval forces of the United States to carry these resolu-tions into effect."

Mr. Frye, of Maine, also came to the front with a resolution on the subject of Cuba. Like that of Mr. Rawlins, it recited the awful condition of the people of established on the island, for not only was Cuba being depopulated, but Ameri-

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can interests there had well-nigh been ruined. Mr. Frye's resolution directs the President to take steps to end the war. It is as follows:

it is as follows:

"Whereas, war which has been waged in the Island of Cuba for the past three years has been conducted by the Spanish government in violation of the rules of civilized warfare; said government has driven the unarmed and peaceable inhabitants from their homes, and forced them within the armed campe, where it has permitted hundreds of thousands of men, women and children to die of star-vation; and as a result of this system of inhuman warfare, tens of thousands of the helpless people are now dying for want of food;

want of food;
"And whereas, the war has paralyzed and almost destroyed the large commercial relations which have hitherto existed between the United States and Cuba and

has rendered uncless and brought to ruln the many million dollars of property of American citizens invested in the bland; "And, whereas, the existence and pro-longation of the heatilities have imposed neavy financial expenditures and burden-some official labors upon the Government of the United States in the enforcement

of its neutrality laws;
"And whereas the causals of the United States and other impartial and competent observers have reported that the Spanish government has lost conthe Spanish government has lost con-trol of much of the greater portion of the territory of the Island; that it is powerless to restore its authority and bring about peace; and that a continu-ance of the contest will have no other ef-fect than to increase the horrors, mis-ery and starvation which now exists, to utterly extinguish the commorce with, and destroy the property of American citizens and add to the expense and bur-den of the Government of the United

den of the Government of the United States; therefore "Reported by the Senate and House of Reported by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled. That the President of the United States be, and he resident of the United States be, and he is hereby, directled and empowered to take such effective steps as in his discretion may be necessary to secure a speedy termination of hostilities between the government of Spain and the people of

"Whereas the war now and for some time past being waged between the King-dom of Spain and the Culsan insurgents has fully demonstrated the betal ina-bility of the former to subdue the insur-geffix and.

gettis; and
"Whereas said war has become one of
extermination by starvation, and the dictates of Christian civilization and common humanity alike demand the speedy
costation of hostilities and the immediate
termination of the deliberately planned
starvation now going on in the Island of
Cuba; and
"Whereas under existing electron."

'mba; and
"Whereas under existing circum-tances it is the bounden duty of the inited States of America to intervene;

"Whereas the assertion of the Monroe doctrine forbidding its interference of forbign powers in the affairs of any state or nation on the Western Hemisphere creates an obligation on the part of the United States to guarantee the people thereof against unusual eroelikes and harbarttes and externibution by any such foreign power; and "Wheream, the Cohana have in the opinion of the American people and of Congress, by their value and sacrifices during the four years of war, wan their independence from Spain and are entitled to political recognition by the propis of the United States; and "Whereas it is apparent that Spain can

combatant Cubairs with the necessary food, raiment and medicines for their immediate relief from starvation, the sum of 150 230, or so much thereof as may be necessary, is larely appropriated out of any mency in the Treasury not otherwise.

THE PRESIDENT HEDGES.

Virtually Apologics for His Weak

Message and Begs for Time. Secretary Aiger had the following tatement insued at the White House

"So far from there being any difference f opinion among the members of the Cabinet, they are all in hearty accord with the President, and have been withut a single exception. When he read to them yesterday his message on the and that war against the kingdom of Maine, there was not a dissenting voice nor a suggestion of change. It contmanded the approval of every member, How could the President have said more? He mave Congress the report at uce and stated that he had forwarded it to Spain and is awaiting her reply.

"He must take one step at a time. It may be said further that there need be or fear that he will not take the next. He has not lost a moment in presenting, not only the Maine incolent, but the whole situation, to Spain. The country can well afford to await the result of the negotiations, which will be promptly made known, whatever the result."

MURDERED A FAMILY.

The Suspected Criminal, After Being

Arrested, Commits Suicide, Houston, Texas, March 29.-Word enched here last night of the brutal urder of a family named Lee, living at Paint Rock, Concho County. The victims are Lee, his wife and two little baes. The murder was committed with m ax and the victims were horribly mutliated. A man named McBride was under sus-

nicion of the crime and shoring arrested out his throat,

THE MONTGOMERY SAILS.

Key West, Fla., March 21.-The crub

Leaves Key West for Norfolk to Undergo Repairs.

Montgomery will sail for Norfolk this of-

ternoon. Repairs to her boilers are nec-

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